Financial Statements of

### CAMPBELLFORD MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

Year ended March 31, 2025

Table of Contents

### Page

### Independent Auditor's Report

### **Financial Statements**

Statement of Financial Position	1
Statement of Operations	2
Statement of Changes in Net Assets (Deficiency)	3
Statement of Cash Flows	4
Notes to Financial Statements	5



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### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Directors of Campbellford Memorial Hospital

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Campbellford Memorial Hospital (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2025
- the statement of operations for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net assets (deficiency) for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at March 31, 2025, and its results of operations, its remeasurement gains and losses, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "*Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements*" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Page 2

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.



Page 3

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants Kingston, Canada June 17, 2025

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2025, with comparative information for 2024

	2025	2024
Assets		
Current assets: Cash Accounts receivable (notes 2, 14(a), 14(b) and 14(c)) Inventories (note 3)	\$ 1,325,380 2,671,654 249,532	\$ 5,331,457 304,075
Prepaid expenses and deposits	472,557 4,719,123	609,439 6,244,971
Tangible capital assets (note 4)	15,764,518	16,247,967
	\$ 20,483,641	\$ 22,492,938
Liabilities and Net Asset Deficiency		
Current liabilities: Bank indebtedness (note 6) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (notes 5,	\$ _	\$ 233,913
14(b) and 14(c)) Term loan (note 6)	5,051,912	4,527,903 150,000
Government remittances payable Current portion of long-term debt (note 7)	846,109 307,192	378,558 286,318
	6,205,213	5,576,692
Asset retirement obligation (note 8) Deferred capital contributions (note 9) Future employee benefits (note 11) Non-current portion of long-term debt (note 7)	1,063,690 17,738,904 993,800 1,529,996	1,026,000 17,002,104 984,500 1,550,787
Net asset deficiency: Invested in capital assets (note 10) Unrestricted	714,043 (7,762,005)	2,277,522 (5,924,667)
	(7,047,962)	 (3,647,145)
Commitments (note 15) Contingencies (note 16) Subsequent event (note 19)		
	\$ 20,483,641	\$ 22,492,938

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Carrieffayward Director

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Director

Statement of Operations

Year ended March 31, 2025, with comparative information for 2024

	2025	2024
Revenue:		
Ontario Health/Ministry of Health:		
Global funding	\$ 20,415,603	\$ 18,458,325
One-time operating funding	5,144,117	6,417,549
Physician transfer funding	3,901,756	2,784,994
	29,461,476	27,660,868
Patient revenue	1,659,828	2,356,780
Other revenue (note 14(b))	1,588,385	1,202,027
Amortization of deferred capital contributions -		
equipment	1,184,540	704,272
	\$33,894,229	31,923,947
Expenses:		
Salaries and wages	22,708,741	20,583,254
Physician transfer payments and medical staff	4,857,789	4,641,703
Contracted services and other expenses (note 7)	2,980,788	1,816,197
Supplies	2,033,555	2,069,351
Amortization of tangible capital assets -	4 500 700	4 000 000
equipment	1,588,729 1,777,061	1,226,369
Equipment expenses Medical and surgical supplies		1,821,282
Drugs and medical gases	724,371 427,780	653,055 415,904
Post employee benefits	9,300	9,600
	37,108,114	33,236,715
Excess of expenses over revenue from hospital operations	(3,213,885)	(1,312,768)
	(-, -,,	()- ) )
Other income (expenses):		
Amortization of deferred capital contributions - building		
and service equipment	764,918	524,185
Amortization of tangible capital assets - building		
and service equipment	(951,850)	(768,534)
	(186,932)	(244,349)
Separately funded programs (note 13):		
Fund type 2 revenue	2,584,122	2,368,346
Fund type 2 expenses	(2,584,122)	(2,368,346)
	_	
Excess of expenses over revenue	\$ (3,400,817)	\$ (1,557,117)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets (Deficiency)

		Invested in			
		tangible		2025	2024
	ca	pital assets	Unrestricted	Total	Total
		(note 10)			
Net assets (deficiency), beginning of year:	\$	2,277,522	\$ (5,924,667) \$	(3,647,145) \$	(2,090,028)
Excess of expenses over revenue		(591,121)	(2,809,696)	(3,400,817)	(1,557,117)
Investment in tangible capital assets		(972,358)	972,358	_	_
Net assets (deficiency), end of year	\$	714,043	\$ (7,762,005) \$	(7,047,962) \$	(3,647,145)

Year ended March 31, 2025, with comparative information for 2024

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2025, with comparative information for 2024

	2025	2024
Cash provided by (used for):		
Operating activities:		
Excess of expenses over revenue Items not involving cash:	\$ (3,400,817)	\$ (1,557,117)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	2,540,579	1,994,903
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(1,949,458)	(1,228,457)
Increase in asset retirement obligation	37,690	149,163
Increase in employee future benefits liability	9,300	9,600
Net change in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	2,946,187	(3,654,641)
Inventories	54,543	(64,400)
Prepaid expenses and deposits	136,882	(76,140)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	524,009	300,071
Government remittances payable	467,551	35,123
	1,366,466	(4,091,895)
Financing activities:		
Repayment of long-term debt	(286,301)	(262,895)
Decrease in term loan	(150,000)	(1,550,000)
	(436,301)	(1,812,895)
Capital activities:		
Contributions received for tangible capital		
asset purchases	2,686,258	5,751,094
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(2,057,130)	(5,239,903)
	629,128	511,191
Increase (decrease) in cash	1,559,293	(5,393,599)
Cash (bank indebtedness), beginning of year	(233,913)	5,159,686
Cash (bank indebtedness), end of year	\$ 1,325,380	\$ (233,913)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2025

The Campbellford Memorial Hospital (the "Hospital") is incorporated under the Ontario Corporations Act. The Hospital is principally involved in providing health care services to Campbellford and area.

The Hospital is funded primarily by the Province of Ontario in accordance with funding policies established by Ontario Health and the Ontario Ministry of Health (the "Ministry").

The Hospital operates under a Hospital Service Accountability Agreement ("HSAA") with the Ministry. This agreement sets out the rights and obligation of the two parties in respect of funding provided to the Hospital. The HSAA sets out the funding provided to the Hospital together with performance standards and obligation of the Hospital that establish acceptable performance results for the Hospital.

#### 1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards including the 4200 standards for government not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

(a) Revenue recognition:

Operating grants are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate. Grants approved but not received at the end of an accounting period are accrued.

The Hospital follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which include donations and government grants. These financial statements reflect agreed arrangements approved by the Ministry with respect to the year ended March 31, 2025.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenditures are recognized. Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Revenue from patients and other income is recognized when the goods are sold or the services are provided, performance obligations fulfilled, and future economic benefits are measurable and expected to be obtained.

(b) Contributed services:

A substantial number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year. The fair value of these contributed services is not recorded in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(c) Inventories:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of the major categories of inventories is determined on a first in, first out basis.

(d) Related entities:

Related entities include Campbellford Memorial Hospital Foundation, Campbellford Memorial Multicare Lodge, Campbellford Memorial Health Centre and Campbellford Memorial Hospital Auxiliary. The Hospital's relationship with each of these entities and the method by which they are accounted for is more fully described in Note 14.

(e) Tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments which extend the estimated life and capacity of an asset are capitalized. When a capital asset no longer contributes to the Hospital's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value. Amortization of cost and any corresponding deferred contribution is calculated on a straight-line basis using the following annual rates per Ministry guidelines:

Asset	Term
Land improvements and heliport	10 years
Buildings	10 to 40 years
Building service equipment	10 to 25 years
Major equipment	5 to 20 years
Software and licensing costs	2 to 15 years

Work-in-progress is amortized when the asset is considered substantially complete and is ready for use by the Hospital.

(f) Leased equipment:

Equipment under leases that effectively transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership to the hospital as lessee are recorded as capital assets at the present value of the minimum payments under the lease with a corresponding liability for the related lease obligation. Charges to expenses are made for amortization of the equipment and interest on the lease obligation.

All other items of equipment held on lease are accounted for as operating leases.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Employee future benefits:

The Hospital accrues its obligations under employee benefit plans as the employees render the services necessary to earn non-pension post-retirement benefits. The cost of such benefits earned by the employees is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method pro-rated on service and management's best estimate of the retirement ages of employees and expected health and dental care costs.

Past service costs arising from plan amendments are recognized immediately in the period the plan amendments occur.

Actuarial gains (losses) on the accrued benefit obligation arise from differences between actual and expected experience and from changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine the accrued benefit obligation. The net accumulated actuarial gains (losses) are amortized over the remaining service period of active employees. The Hospital also accrues its obligations for post-employment benefits when an event that obligates the Hospital occurs such as parental and short-term sick leaves. The average remaining service period of active employees covered by the employee benefit plan is 17 years (2024 - 18 years).

The Hospital is an employer member of the Healthcare of Ontario Pension Plan, which is a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The Corporation has adopted defined contribution plan accounting principles for this Plan because insufficient information is available to apply defined benefit plan accounting principles. Contributions to the multiemployer defined benefit plan are expensed when due.

The most recent regulatory funding valuation of this multi-employer pension plan conducted as at December 31, 2024 disclosed actuarial assets of \$123 billion (2023 - \$112 billion) with accrued pension liabilities of \$113 billion (2023 - \$102 billion), resulting in a surplus of \$10 billion (2023 - \$10 billion). This filing valuation also confirmed that the plan was fully funded on a solvency basis as at December 31, 2024 based on the assumptions and methods adopted for the valuation.

(h) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statement requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(i) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. Management has not elected to subsequently carry financial instruments at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(i) Financial instruments (continued):

Long-term debt is recorded at amortized cost.

All financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis. When a decline is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is reported in the Statement of Operations.

(j) Statement of remeasurement gains and losses:

A statement of remeasurement gains and losses has not been provided as there are no significant unrealized gains or losses at March 31, 2025 or 2024.

(k) Asset retirement obligations:

The Hospital recognizes the fair value of an asset retirement obligation ("ARO") when all of the following criteria have been met:

- There is a legal obligation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset;
- The past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred;
- It is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- A reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

Actual remediation costs incurred are charged against the ARO to the extent of the liability recorded. Differences between the actual remediation costs incurred and the associated liability are recognized in the Statement of Operations at the time of remediation.

#### 2. Accounts receivable:

	2025	2024
Ontario Health/Ministry of Health	\$ 915,047	\$ 4,343,989
Inpatients receivables	514,571	301,485
HST receivables	681,847	195,179
Campbellford Memorial Health Centre (note 14(c))	321,230	_
Campbellford Memorial Hospital Foundation (note 14(a))	246,285	23,821
Campbellford Memorial Multicare Lodge (note 14(b))	86,954	74,233
Other	88,720	392,750
	2,854,654	5,331,457
Less allowance for impairment	(183,000)	_
	\$ 2,671,654	\$ 5,331,457

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 3. Inventories:

	2025	2024
Laboratory supplies	\$ 116,938	\$ 97,823
Drugs and medicines	62,034	116,646
Medicine and other supplies	47,869	77,423
Food and dietary supplies	22,691	12,183
	\$ 249,532	\$ 304,075

#### 4. Tangible capital assets:

						2025		2024
			A	ccumulated		Net book		Net book
		Cost	а	mortization		value		value
Land	\$	298,985	\$	_	\$	298,985	\$	298,985
Land improvements and	Ψ	200,000	Ψ		Ψ	200,000	Ψ	200,000
heliport		551,819		551,819		_		1,894
Buildings, including asset								
retirement costs		11,110,890		10,761,946		348,944		557,179
Building service equipment		14,615,174		5,661,595		8,953,579		9,619,636
Major equipment		20,390,458		16,539,107		3,851,351		2,798,308
Software and licensing								
costs		2,430,439		552,497		1,877,942		2,532,296
Work-in-progress		433,717		—		433,717		439,669
	\$	49,831,482	\$	34,066,964	\$	15,764,518	\$	16,247,967

Cost and accumulated amortization at March 31, 2024 amounted to \$47,774,352 and \$31,526,385, respectively.

Management has reviewed for full and partial impairment at March 31, 2025 and determined there is none (2024 - none).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 5. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

The following amounts are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position related to Ontario Heath/Ministry of Health payables:

	2025	2024
Temporary summer locum program	\$ 197,945	\$ 146,654
SFH environmental initiatives	172,216	172,216
Hospital On-Call Coverage (HOCC)	110,036	22,383
Health Infrastructure Renewal Fund (HIRF)	90,488	_
Geriatric assessment & intervention network	68,565	68,565
Telemedicine	61,803	_
Community mental health	61,662	47,183
Physician temporary pandemic pay	53,053	_
Back-office integration funding	28,272	28,272
Cash advance	_	455,796
	\$ 844,040	\$ 941,069

#### 6. Credit facilities:

The Hospital has an available \$200,000 revolving lease line of credit with \$Nil balance outstanding at the end of the year (2024 - \$Nil). This facility is secured by the underlying leased asset, non-interest bearing and repayable in accordance with the terms of the lease agreement.

The Hospital has an available operating line of credit facility to a maximum of \$1.5 million with \$Nil outstanding at March 31, 2025 (2024 - \$233,913) which is unsecured at the lender's prime rate and is due on demand.

The Hospital has a non-revolving fixed rate term facility to a maximum of \$2,500,000, with \$Nil outstanding at March 31, 2025 (2024 - \$150,000) which is unsecured at the lender's prime rate less 0.25% and is due on demand.

Security for all borrowings include guarantee and postponement of claim in the amount of \$560,000 and \$1,100,000 signed by Campbellford Memorial Hospital Foundation and Board resolution authorizing the financing granted under bankers' acceptance.

Interest expense incurred during the year on the revolving lease line of credit, operating line of credit and the fixed rate term facility was \$Nil (2024 - \$Nil), \$2,817 (2024 - \$16,373) and \$4,093 (2024 - \$41,088), respectively and is included in other supplies and expenses on the Statement of Operations.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 7. Long-term debt:

(a) Ontario Financing Authority - Facility 1

	2025	2024
Ontario Financing Authority, maturing March 2030	\$ 1,562,717	\$ 1,837,105
Less: current portion	(286,385)	(286,318)
	\$ 1,276,332	\$ 1,550,787

The Hospital entered into a loan agreement effective December 14, 2022, with the Ontario Financing Authority in the amount of \$2,100,000. The loan has a variable interest rate based on the Province of Ontario's cost of funds for a seven-year amortizing bond plus 0.034% and will be repaid over seven years in equal monthly instalments combining principal and interest of \$27,075. The loan will be fully repaid by March 2030.

(b) Royal Bank of Canada – Facility 2

	2025	2024
Royal Bank of Canada, maturing May 2026	\$ 274,471	\$ _
Less: current portion	(20,807)	_
	\$ 253,664	\$ 

The Hospital assumed a loan granted to Campbellford Memorial Health Centre ("Heath Centre") by the Royal Bank of Canada as part of Facility 6 of the Agreement between Royal Bank of Canada and the Hospital dated May 25, 2021. This loan was originally granted to the Health Centre to finance capital improvements and maintenance. The borrowings under this facility are repayable by consecutive, blended monthly payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$2,430 based on an amortization period of 147 months, on the 6th day of each month, continuing until May 6, 2026 and the balance of this facility shall be repayable in full on May 6, 2026. There was no cash received by the Hospital for this transaction. Therefore, it has been appropriately excluded from the Statement of Cash Flows.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 7. Long-term debt (continued):

The minimum scheduled principal repayments are as follows:

		Facility 1		Facility 2		Total
2026	\$	286,385	\$	20,807	\$	307,192
2027	Ψ	298,903	Ψ	253,664	Ψ	552,567
2028		311,972		· _		311,972
2029		325,610		_		325,610
2030		339,847		-		339,847
	\$	1,562,717	\$	274,471	\$	1,837,188

Interest on long-term liabilities in the amount of \$74,076 (2024 - \$45,046) is included in contracted services and other expenses on the Statement of Operations.

#### 8. Asset retirement obligations:

The Hospital's asset retirement obligations relate to the legally required removal or remediation of asbestos-containing materials in certain buildings. The obligation is determined based on the estimated undiscounted cash flows that will be required in the future to remove or remediate the asbestos containing material in accordance with current legislation.

The change in the estimated obligation during the year consists of the following:

	2025	2024
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,026,000	\$ 876,837
Add: inflationary adjustment	37,690	149,163
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,063,690	\$ 1,026,000

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 9. Deferred capital contributions:

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized amount and unspent amount of donations and grants received for the purchase of tangible capital assets. The amortization of capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the Statement of Operations. The changes in the deferred capital contributions balances are as follows:

			2025				2024
	Principal amount		Accumulated amortization		Principal amount		Accumulated amortization
Donations for capital purposes:							
Balance, beginning of year Received/receivable during the year: Campbellford Memorial	\$ 12,350,954	\$	9,383,811	\$	11,722,730	\$	8,826,624
Hospital Foundation	2,574,463		_		628,224		_
Amortization	· · · –		986,621		,		557,187
Balance, end of year	 14,925,417		10,370,432		12,350,954		9,383,811
Grants for capital purposes:							
Balance, beginning of year Received/receivable during the year:	22,570,203		8,535,242		17,447,333		7,863,972
Ministry of Health	111,795		_		5,122,870		_
Amortization	-		962,837		-		671,270
Balance, end of year	22,681,998		9,498,079		22,570,203		8,535,242
Combined grants and donations	\$ 37,607,415	\$	19,868,511	\$	34,921,157	\$	17,919,053
Unamortized balance	\$ 17	7,73	38,904		\$ 17	7,00	02,104
Allocation of amortization:							
					2025		2024
Equipment Building and service equipment			\$		184,540 764,918	\$	704,272 524,185
			\$	1,	949,458	\$	1,228,457

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### 9. Deferred capital contributions (continued):

The balance of unamortized and unspent funds consists of the following:

	2025	2024
Unamortized contributions used to purchase capital assets Unspent contributions	\$ 15,050,475 2,688,429	\$ 13,970,446 3,031,658
	\$ 17,738,904	\$ 17,002,104

#### 10. Investment in tangible capital assets:

(a) Investment in tangible capital assets represent the following:

	2025	2024
Tangible capital assets Less amounts funded by:	\$ 15,764,518	\$ 16,247,967
Deferred contributions used for tangible capital asset acquisition	15,050,475	13,970,446
	\$ 714,043	\$ 2,277,521

(b) Change in net assets invested in tangible capital assets is calculated as following:

	2025	2024
Deficiency of revenue over expenses:		
Amortization of deferred contributions		
related to capital assets	\$ 1,949,458	\$ 1,228,457
Amortization of tangible capital assets	(2,540,579)	(1,994,903)
	(591,121)	(766,446)
Net change in investment in tangible capital assets:		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	2,057,129	5,239,903
Amounts funded by deferred contributions	(3,029,487)	(6,359,295)
	(972,358)	(1,119,392)
	\$ (1,563,479)	\$ (1,885,838)

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 11. Post-employment benefits:

The Hospital accounts for employee future benefits using accrual accounting for postemployment benefits. This method uses current market rates to estimate the present value of the post-retirement liabilities. The most recent valuation of the Hospital was performed as at March 31, 2024. The next actuarial valuation will be completed at March 31, 2027. The related benefit liability was determined by an independent actuary on behalf of the Hospital. The accrued benefit liability is comprised of:

	2025	2024
Balance, beginning of year Employee future benefits expense Contributions by the Hospital	\$ 984,500 59,100 (49,800)	\$ 974,900 58,700 (49,100)
Balance, end of year	\$ 993,800	\$ 984,500

Reconciliation of accrued benefit liability:

	2025	2024
Accrued benefit obligation Unamortized actuarial losses	\$ 1,489,500 (495,700)	\$ 1,453,100 (468,600)
	\$ 993,800	\$ 984,500

The employee future benefit recovery is composed of:

		2025		2024
Current period benefit cost Interest cost	\$	119,000 59,100	\$	113,300 58,700
Amortization of actuarial gains		(17,100)		(17,900)
		161,000		154,100
Less actual payments		(151,700)		(144,500)
	\$	9,300	\$	9,600
Discount rate for expense Discount rate for disclosure Dental benefits cost escalation		3.95% 3.89% 5.00%		4.04% 3.95% 3.00%
Medical benefits cost escalation - extended health care	by 0.1 to	decreasing 7% per year an ultimate ate of 3.57%	by 0.1 to	, decreasing 7% per year o an ultimate ate of 3.57%

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 12. Pension plan:

Substantially all of the employees of the Hospital are members of the Healthcare of Ontario Pension Plan ("HOOPP"), which is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan available to all eligible employees of the participating members of the Ontario Hospital Association. Plan members will receive benefits based on the length of service and on the average annualized earnings during the five consecutive years prior to retirement, termination or death, that provide the highest earnings.

Pension assets consist of investment grade securities. Market and credit risk on these securities are managed by the Plan by placing plan assets in trust and through the Plan investment policy.

Variances between actuarial funding estimates and actual experience may be material and any differences are generally to be funded by the participating members. Contributions to the plan made during the year by the Hospital on behalf of its employees amounted to \$1,239,467 (2024 - \$1,068,706) and are included in the Statement of Operations.

As of December 31, 2024, the HOOPP is in a surplus position with the regulatory funded ratio of actuarial value of net assets to accrued liabilities of 111%.

#### 13. Ministry of Health - separately funding programs:

The Ministry separately funds the operating expenses of the programs listed below. The arrangement provides that any surplus arising from each program's actual operating results for the year is refundable to the Ministry in the following year. Any deficit arising from each programs' actual operating results for the year is payable by the Hospital and is included in expenses on the Statement of Operations.

	2025	2024
Revenue:		
Community Mental Health Program	\$ 923,178	\$ 882,678
GAIN Clinic	707,761	594,958
Municipal taxes	5,625	5,625
Supportive housing	532,075	554,249
Models of innovation	415,483	330,836
	2,584,122	2,368,346
Expenses:		
Community Mental Health Program	923,178	882,678
GAIN Clinic	707,761	594,958
Municipal taxes	5,625	5,625
Supportive housing	532,075	554,249
Models of innovation	415,483	330,836
	2,584,122	2,368,346
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ _	\$ _

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 14. Related entities:

(a) Campbellford Memorial Hospital Foundation:

The Hospital is closely related to Campbellford Memorial Hospital Foundation (the "Foundation") which was established to raise funds for charitable purposes in the community health care field as well as for the benefit of the Hospital. The Foundation is incorporated under the Canada Corporations Act and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act. The net assets resulting from operations of the Foundation are not included in the statements of the Hospital since the Foundation does not accumulate funds solely for the Hospital.

The Hospital pays various expenses on behalf of the Foundation, such as salaries and supplies for which it is reimbursed by the Foundation.

During the year, the Foundation transferred \$2,574,463 (2024 - \$628,224) for the purchase of equipment.

At year-end, the receivable for these expenses and current year equipment purchase commitments amounted to \$246,285 (2024 - \$23,821).

(b) Transactions with Campbellford Memorial Multicare Lodge:

The Hospital leases space from the Campbellford Memorial Multicare Lodge (the "Multicare Lodge") and sublets a portion of this space. By mutual agreement the Hospital pays the Multicare Lodge a rental fee equal to the rental income received from the sublet portion. Lease costs of \$100,090 and rental income of \$100,090 related to this activity are included in other revenue, respectively.

The Hospital provides various services which are billed to the Multicare Lodge and amounted to \$65,419 during the year (2024 - \$35,950). Also, the Hospital pays various expenses on behalf of the Multicare Lodge, such as salaries, electricity and dietary, for which it is reimbursed by the Multicare Lodge. At year-end, there was an amount receivable from the Multicare Lodge for these services of \$86,954 (2024 - \$74,233).

The Hospital receives funding for the Supportive Housing Program. At the year-end there was an amount payable to the Multicare Lodge of \$43,141 (2024 - \$49,423).

(c) Campbellford Memorial Health Centre:

The Campbellford Memorial Health Centre (the "Health Centre") provides a collegial setting intended to attract and retain medical professionals for the benefit of the community. The Hospital has an economic interest in this entity and in addition, the Hospital provides certain support services to the Health Centre, for which it is reimbursed.

As a result of the transaction described in note 7(b), at year-end, there was an amount receivable from the Health Centre of \$321,230 (2024 - \$Nil) and an amount payable to the Health Centre of \$46,759 (2024 - \$Nil).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 14. Related entities (continued):

(d) Campbellford Memorial Hospital Auxiliary:

The Campbellford Memorial Hospital Auxiliary (the "Auxiliary"), through the efforts of its volunteers, promotes the interests of the Hospital and raises significant funds to assist the Hospital to acquire medical equipment.

At the year-end there was an amount receivable from the Auxiliary of \$Nil (2024 - \$Nil) and an amount payable to the Auxiliary of \$Nil (2024 - \$Nil).

#### 15. Commitments:

The Hospital has entered into various agreements with vendors for IT hardware and software services with ending term dates up to August 2026.

The total spending commitments over the term of these agreements are as follows:

2026 2027		\$ 23,373 9,739

#### 16. Contingencies:

- (a) The Hospital uses Industrial Alliance to administer the Extended Health Care, stop-loss coverage, and travel and dental benefits for the Hospital's employees. Industrial Alliance provides administrative services only; therefore, the Hospital assumes the risk. As at March 31, 2025, the Hospital's portion of the plan was in a surplus position of approximately \$42,391 (2024 \$201,183), which is included in prepaid expenses and deposits on the Statement of Financial Position.
- (b) Healthcare Insurance Reciprocal of Canada:

The Corporation became a member of the Healthcare Insurance Reciprocal of Canada ("HIROC") on April 1, 2014. HIROC is registered as a Reciprocal pursuant to Provincial Insurance Acts, which permits persons to exchange with other persons reciprocal contracts of indemnity insurance. HIROC facilitates the provision of liability insurance coverage of health care organizations in the provinces of Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Newfoundland. Subscribers pay annual premiums, which are actuarially determined, and are subject to assessment for losses in excess of such premiums, if any, experienced by the group of subscribers for the years in which they were a subscriber. No such assessments have been made to March 31, 2025.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 16. Contingencies (continued):

(b) Healthcare Insurance Reciprocal of Canada (continued):

Since its inception in 1987, HIROC has accumulated an un-appropriated surplus, which is the total of premiums paid by all subscribers plus investment income less the obligation for claims reserves and expenses and operating expenses. Each subscriber which has an excess of premium plus investment income over the obligation for their allocation of claims reserves and expenses and operating expenses may be entitled to receive distributions of their share of the un-appropriated surplus at the time such distributions are declared by the Board of Directors of HIROC. There are no distributions to or receivables from HIROC as of March 31, 2025.

(c) Employment matters:

During the normal course of business, the Hospital is involved in certain employment related negotiations and has recorded accruals based on management's estimate of potential settlement amounts where these amounts are reasonably determinable.

The Hospital participates in centralized pay equity plans with certain employee groups. It is not possible at this time to make an estimate of the amount that may be payable to these labour groups and accordingly, no provision has been made in the financial statements.

#### 17. Fair value of financial instruments:

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Hospital is exposed to credit risk with respect to the accounts receivable.

The Hospital assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. The maximum exposure to credit risk of the Hospital at March 31, 2025 is the carrying value of these assets.

The carrying amount of accounts receivable is valued with consideration for an allowance for doubtful accounts. The amount of any related impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of Operations. Subsequent recoveries of impairment losses related to accounts receivable are credited to the Statement of Operations.

There has been no significant change to the credit risk exposure from 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 17. Fair value of financial instruments (continued):

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Hospital will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Hospital manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are generally due within 30 days of receipt of an invoice. The Hospital prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

At March 31, 2025, the Hospital's current liabilities exceed its current assets by \$1,486,090.

The Hospital has reported financial deficits in each of the last four years, including the current year, with the Hospital's budget for the year ending March 31, 2026 reflecting a forecasted financial loss. As a result of these losses, the Hospital has incurred a reduction in its working capital and net asset position. Management has identified a number of factors that have contributed to its recurring operating losses, including but not limited to the impact of recent wage settlements, inflationary cost increases and financial pressures resulting from patient volumes and capital commitments.

The Hospital continues to identify and consider opportunities to address these financial challenges. In the short-term, the Hospital intends to rely on financing through its existing credit facilities as described in Note 6, restricted cash and cost savings resulting from efficiency measures.

As a result of its ongoing financial deficits, the Hospital has an increased level of reliance on the Ministry of Health and Ontario Health to assist in meeting its operating and capital requirements at current levels.

(c) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the potential for financial loss caused by fluctuations in fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments because of changes in market interest rates.

Financial assets and financial liabilities with variable interest rates expose the Hospital to cash flow interest rate risk. The Hospital is exposed to interest rate risk through its credit facilities described in notes 6 and 7 to these financial statements.

There has been no significant change to the interest rate risk exposure from 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2025

#### 18. Bill 124:

On November 29, 2022 as a result of a successful Charter of Rights challenge before the Ontario Supreme Court of Justice rendered a decision to repeal the Protecting a Sustainable Public Sector for Future Generations Act, 2019 (Bill 124). As a result, collective agreements which were capped by the previous legislation were reopened for renewed negotiations.

In the prior year, the Hospital paid retroactive wage adjustments to employees as a result of the reopener provisions. Ongoing impacts of the reopener provisions are reflected in the Hospital's current wage rates and are included in the reported amounts of salaries, wages and benefits. In the current fiscal year, the Ministry provided the Hospital with ongoing base funding to fully offset the costs of the wage settlements.

#### **19. Subsequent event:**

On April 1, 2025, the Hospital, along with six other Central East Hospitals, entered into a comprehensive service agreement with Enabling Healthcare Across Networks of Central East Ontario (Enhance Ontario). Enhance Ontario is a separately incorporated, not-for-profit organization recently created to own and operate the Clinical Information System (CIS) currently shared by the seven hospitals. Subsequent to the year-end, the shared CIS assets of the Hospital, with a net book value of approximately \$1.8 million were transferred to Enhance Ontario.

#### 20. Comparative information:

Certain comparative information has been reclassified to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.